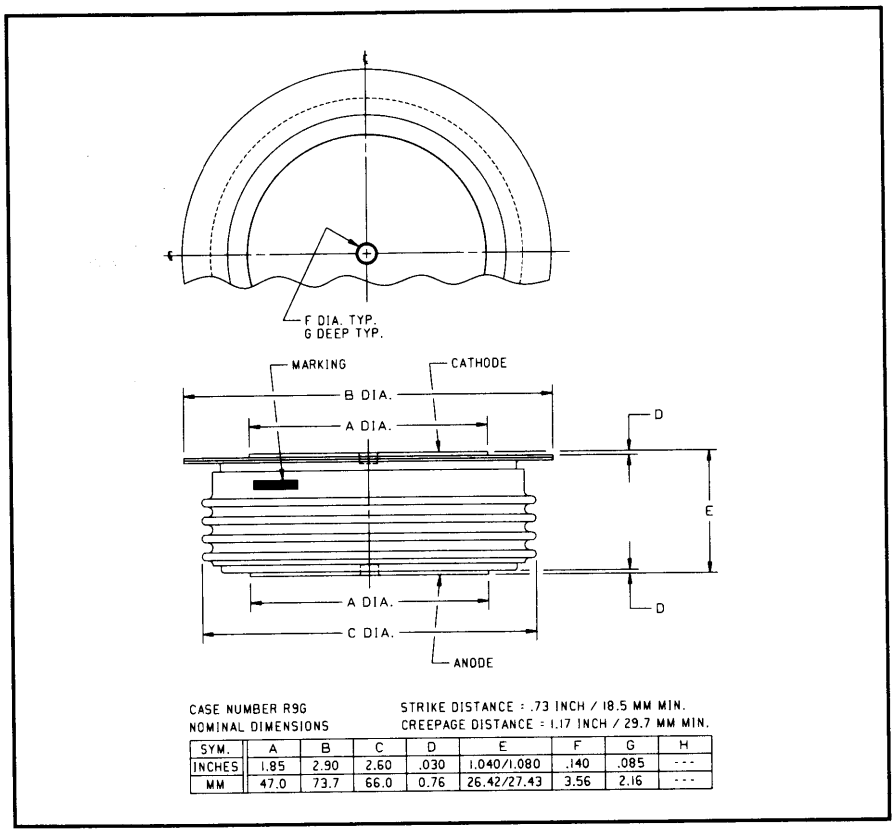
查询R9G20415供应商

Powerex, Inc., 200 Hillis Street, Youngwood, Pennsylvania 15697-1800 (412) 925-7272
Powerex, Europe, S.A. 428 Avenue G. Durand, BP107, 72003 Le Mans, France (43) 41.14.14

Fast Recovery Rectifier

1500 Amperes Average
3600 Volts



CASE NUMBER R9G
NOMINAL DIMENSIONS

STRIKE DISTANCE = .73 INCH / 18.5 MM MIN.
CREEPAGE DISTANCE = 1.17 INCH / 29.7 MM MIN.

SYM.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
INCHES	1.85	2.90	2.60	.030	1.040/1.080	.140	.085	---
MM	47.0	73.7	66.0	0.76	26.42/27.43	3.56	2.16	---

R9G2__15 (Outline Drawing)

R9G2__15
Fast Recovery Rectifier
1500 Amperes Average, 3600 Volts

Ordering Information:

Select the complete part number you desire from the following table:

Type	Voltage V_{RRM} (Volts)	Code	Current $I_{F(av)}$ (A)	Code	Recovery Time t_{rr} (µsec)	Code	Leads Case	Code
R9G2	400	04	1500	15	5.0	AS	R9G	OO
	600	06						
	800	08						
	1000	10						
	1200	12						
	1400	14						
	1600	16						
	1800	18						
	2000	20						
	2200	22						
	2400	24						
	2600	26						
	2800	28						
	3000	30						
	3200	32						
	3400	34						
	3600	36						

Example: Type R9G2 rated at 1500A average with V_{RRM} = 3600V, Recovery Time = 5.0 µsec, order as:

Type				Voltage		Current		Time	Leads	
R	9	G	2	3	6	1	5	AS	O	O

Features:

- ☐ Fast Recovery Times
- ☐ Soft Recovery Characteristics
- ☐ High Surge Current Ratings
- ☐ Special Selection of t_{rr} or Q_{rr} available

Applications:

- ☐ Inverters
- ☐ Choppers
- ☐ Transmitters
- ☐ Free Wheeling Diode

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	R9G2_ _15	Units
RMS Forward Current	$I_{F(rms)}$	2350	Amperes
Average Forward Current	$I_{F(av)}$	1500	Amperes
One-half Cycle Surge Current	I_{FSM}	18000	Amperes
I^2t (for Fusing), Times ≥ 8.3 milliseconds	I^2t	1.35×10^6	A^2sec
Max I^2t, Package (for Times = 8.3 milliseconds)	I^2t	90×10^6	A^2sec
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +190	°C
Operating Temperature	T_j	-40 to +150	°C
Mounting Force		5000 to 6000	lbs

Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	R9G2_ _15	Units
Current - Conducting State Maximums				
Forward Voltage Drop	V_{FM}	T_j = 25°C, I_{FM} = 1500A	1.65	Volts
Voltage - Blocking State Maximums				
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RRM}		3600	Volts
Non-rep. Trans. Peak Rev. Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RSM}	V ≤ 5.0msec	3800	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current, mA peak	I_{RRM}	T_j at max., V_{RRM} = Rated	75	mA
Switching				
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_{FM} = 1500A, t_p = 190µsec, di_R/dt = 25A/µsec, T_C = 25°C	5.0	µsec
Thermal				
Maximum Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta(j-c)}$		0.018	°C/Watt
Maximum Resistance, Case to Sink (Lubricated)	$R_{\theta(c-s)}$		0.0075	°C/Watt

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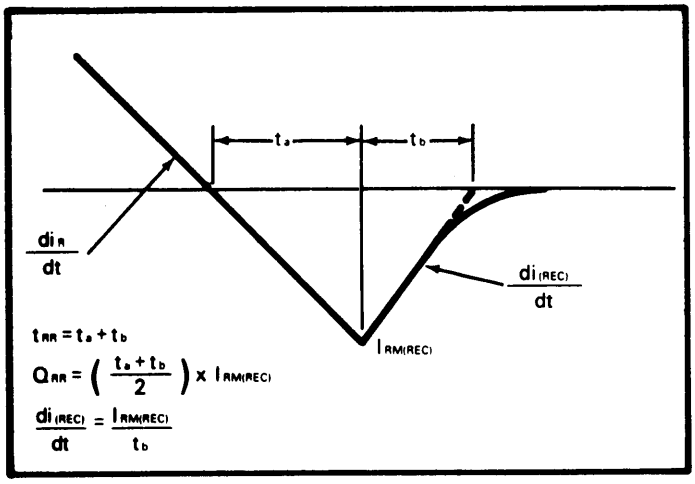
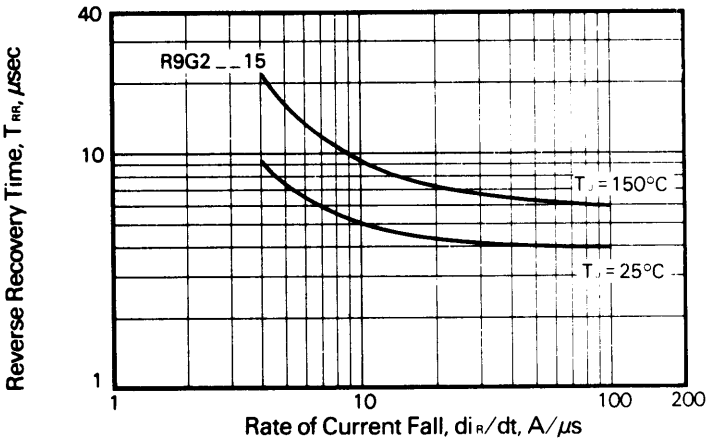
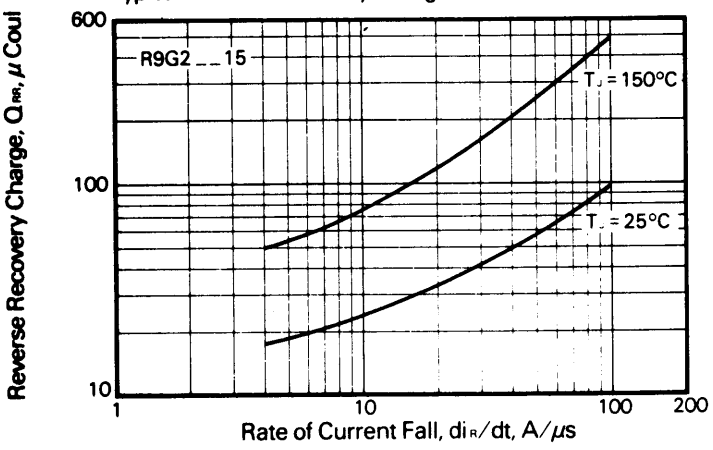
Reverse Recovery Wave Form



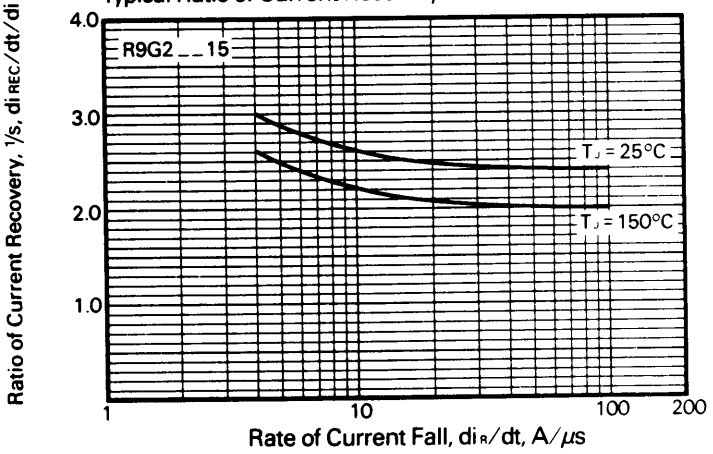
Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. Rate of Current Fall



Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Rate of Current Fall



Typical Ratio of Current Recovery to Rate of Current Fall



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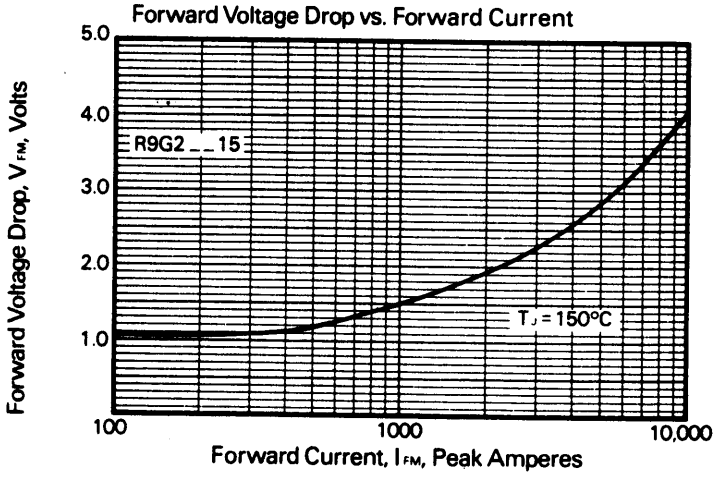
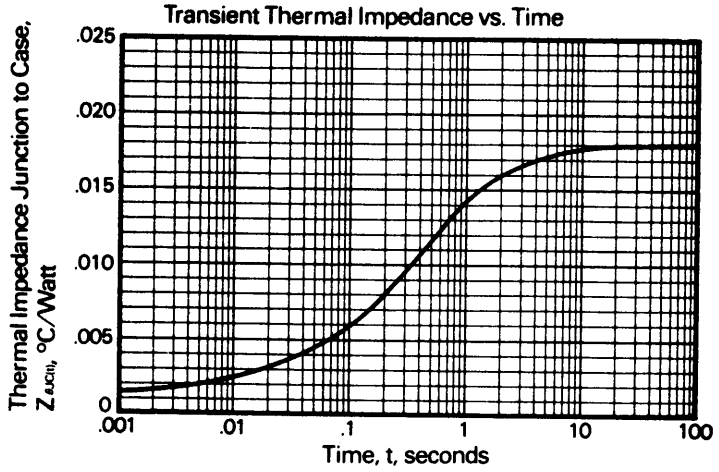
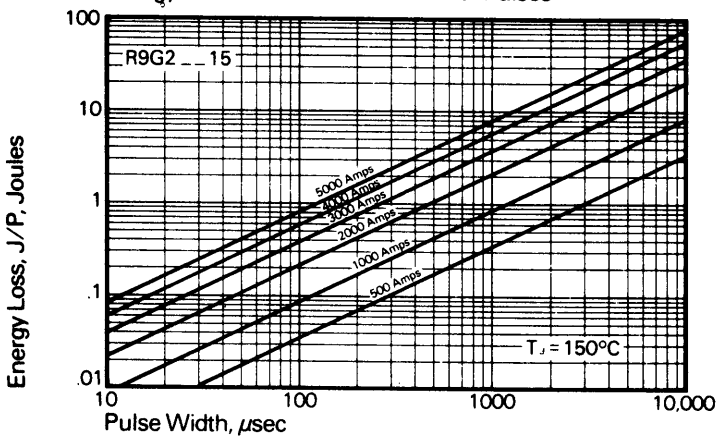
Forward Voltage Drop vs. Forward Current



Transient Thermal Impedance vs. Time



Energy Loss Per Pulse for Sinusoidal Pulses



Calculation of Fast Recovery Diodes and Allowable Case Temperature

1. Conduction Losses
   $P_{av(cond)} = J/P \times F$

2. Reverse Recovery Losses (Approximate)
   $$P_{av(sw)} = 1/4 \times V_R \times \frac{di_R}{dt} \times T_{rr}^2 \times \left(\frac{1/s}{1 + 1/s}\right)^2 \times F \times 1x10^{-6}$$

3. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature
   $T_{C(max)} = T_j - (P_{av(cond)} + P_{av(sw)} \times R_{\theta(j-c)})$

   Where:

$P_{av(cond)}$	= Forward Conduction Power Loss in Watts
$P_{av(sw)}$	= Reverse Recovery Power Loss in Watts
J/P	= Energy Loss per Pulse in Joules
F	= Frequency in Hertz
V_R	= Steady State Reverse Operating Voltage in Volts
di_R/dt	= Rate of Decay of Forward Current in Amperes/μsec
T_{rr}	= Reverse Recovery Time in Microseconds
$\frac{1}{\text{"S"}}$	= Ratio of Recovery $di/dt\left(\frac{di_F/dt}{di_R/dt}\right)$
F	= Operating Frequency in Hertz
$T_{C(max)}$	= Maximum Allowable Case Temperature in °C.
T_j	= Maximum Operating Junction Temperature in °C.
$R_{\theta(j-c)}$	= DC Junction to Case Thermal Impedance in °C/Watt.